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Leadership and Conflict Management: Strategies for Managing Conflict in Higher Education Institutions

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Abstract:

This study analyzes conflict management strategies through adaptive leadership models to improve educational institutional performance. This study uses a qualitative case study approach. Data collection was carried out through interviews, observations, and documentation. Data analysis used a thematic analysis approach, coding and identifying main themes related to leadership strategies and conflict management. The study results indicate that transparent and open leadership, developing clear conflict policies, creating a collaborative culture, and utilizing a proactive approach are the main strategies that can reduce the frequency and impact of conflict. These findings emphasize the importance of adapting leadership strategies based on local contexts and organizational culture to improve the effectiveness of conflict management. The implications of this study include providing new insights for leaders of higher education institutions to develop more relevant and contextual conflict management policies and practices. This study also suggests the need for further research to expand the scope of research by considering variations in gender, age, and wider survey methods to obtain a more comprehensive picture. Thus, the results of this study can contribute to developing more effective conflict management policies in higher education environments.

Keywords: Conflict Management, Adaptive Leadership, Performance, Collaborative Culture

Abstrak:

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis tentang strategi manajemen konflik melalui model kepemimpinan adaptif dalam meningkatkan kinerja kelembagaan di perguruan tinggi. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif jenis studi kasus. Pengumpulan datanya dilakukan melalui wawancara, observasi, dan dokumentasi. Analisis datanya menggunakan pendekatan analisis tematik, dengan pengkodean dan identifikasi tema utama terkait strategi kepemimpinan dan manajemen konflik. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa kepemimpinan yang transparan dan terbuka, pengembangan kebijakan konflik yang jelas, penciptaan budaya kolaboratif, dan pemanfaatan pendekatan proaktif merupakan strategi utama yang dapat mengurangi frekuensi dan dampak konflik. Temuan ini menekankan pentingnya mengadaptasi strategi kepemimpinan berdasarkan konteks lokal dan budaya organisasi untuk meningkatkan efektivitas manajemen konflik. Implikasi dari penelitian ini antara lain memberikan wawasan baru bagi para pemimpin lembaga pendidikan tinggi untuk mengembangkan kebijakan dan praktik manajemen konflik yang lebih relevan dan kontekstual. Penelitian ini juga menyarankan perlunya penelitian lebih lanjut untuk memperluas cakupan penelitian dengan mempertimbangkan variasi jenis kelamin, usia, dan metode survei yang lebih luas untuk memperoleh gambaran yang lebih komprehensif. Dengan demikian, diharapkan hasil penelitian ini dapat berkontribusi untuk mengembangkan kebijakan manajemen konflik yang lebih efektif di lingkungan pendidikan tinggi.

Kata Kunci: Manajemen Konflik, Kepemimpinan Adaptif, Kinerja, Budaya Kolaboratif

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INTRODUCTION

In an increasingly complex global context, conflict in higher education institutions is a phenomenon that cannot be ignored (Karim et al. 2021; Sterling, 2021). Social facts show that interactions between university stakeholders, including students, lecturers, administrative staff, and management, often lead to conflict. These conflicts can range from minor disputes to significant conflicts that threaten the stability of institutions. This phenomenon is interesting to research because it directly impacts educational institutions' operational effectiveness, the quality of education provided, and the satisfaction of all parties involved (Irianto et al., 2023). Theories such as Lewis Coser's Conflict Theory (Hoang, 2022; Orsini, 2024) and Hersey and Blanchard's Situational Leadership Theory (Simha, 2022; Mulyana et al., 2022; Mahapatra et al., 2023) can provide a basis for understanding these dynamics. Coser emphasizes that conflict can spur social change, while situational leadership theory emphasizes the importance of leader flexibility in dealing with changing situations, including conflict (Suboticki, 2022; Putra & Rulloh, 2023).

The main problem in conflict management in higher education institutions is the lack of effective leadership strategies to handle various conflicts. Leaders in educational institutions often lack adequate skills or strategies to manage conflict, which can lead to an escalation of problems and a decline in institutional performance (Priadi et al., 2023; Ballesteros-Rodríguez et al., 2023; Vinokur et al., 2024). This problem is exacerbated by various factors, such as formal training in conflict management, an organizational culture that needs to support open dialogue, and more consistent institutional policies. In this context, it is essential to research effective leadership and conflict management strategies to improve the performance of higher education institutions.

Several previous studies have discussed leadership and conflict management in higher education institutions. First, research shows that a transformational leadership style can improve conflict resolution by creating an environment that supports open communication (Zainab et al., 2022; Widiasari & Zahro, 2024). Highlights the importance of understanding conflict management styles and their impact on employee job satisfaction (Hussein et al., 2022; Ma'ruuffah et al., 2024). Third, research results reveal that adaptive and situational leadership is more effective in managing conflict in the academic environment (Xu et al., 2022; Hussein et al., 2022). This research also discusses how transformational leadership can influence conflict management in higher education institutions and offers practical insights based on the latest research. Then, the research found that many higher education institutions use diverse approaches to conflict management, including mediation, arbitration, and internal resolution. The main recommendation from this study is the need for further training for leaders and staff on more effective conflict management techniques and the development of

more structured policies for dealing with disputes on campus (Syayuti, 2021).

Although previous research highlights the importance of leadership in conflict management, most of this research focuses more on general aspects of leadership. It has yet to investigate in depth how specific leadership strategies can be applied in the context of conflicts that occur in higher education institutions in Indonesia. There is a need to understand the local and cultural context influencing conflict dynamics and how leaders can adapt their strategies according to the situation.

The novelty of this research lies in developing an adaptive leadership model specifically designed to handle conflict in higher education institutions. This research will develop and test a model that combines a situational approach with a local understanding of conflict dynamics and organizational culture in Indonesia. This is important to ensure that the proposed strategy is relevant and effective in a different context from previous studies.

This study aims to identify effective leadership strategies to manage conflict in higher education institutions at Universitas Bakti Indonesia, Banyuwangi, and develop an adaptive leadership model to improve institutional performance. Focusing on the local context, this study provides insights to improve leadership and conflict management in higher education.

RESEARCH METHODS

This research uses a qualitative and case study method to explore leadership and conflict management strategies in higher education institutions. This approach was chosen because it allows researchers to gain a deep and holistic understanding of the phenomenon under study in its actual context. The case study will focus on Universitas Bakti Indonesia, Banyuwangi, East Java, Indonesia. The selection of this location is based on cultural diversity and organizational complexity, which can provide rich insight into conflict dynamics and leadership strategies.

Data was collected through several techniques, including in-depth interviews, participant observation, and document analysis. In-depth interviews will involve institutional leaders, lecturers, administrative staff, and students to gain diverse perspectives on conflicts and implement leadership strategies. Participatory observation was conducted to understand daily institutional interactions and how conflicts are managed directly. In addition, document analysis will be carried out on institutional policies and records of conflict cases. This data collection technique aims to obtain rich and varied data, increasing the validity of research findings.

Data analysis was carried out using a thematic analysis approach. The collected data will be coded and analyzed to identify key leadership strategies and conflict management themes. The analysis will involve rereading the data, identifying themes, coding the data according to themes, and compiling structured findings. With thematic analysis, this research is expected to reveal effective leadership patterns and strategies for managing conflict in higher education institutions and provide relevant recommendations that can be applied in different contexts.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Transparent and Open Leadership

Transparent and open leadership is central to conflict management strategies in higher education institutions. This kind of leadership is characterized by clear, consistent, and honest communication between leadership and all members of the academic community, including staff, students, and other stakeholders. This helps reduce uncertainty and speculation that can exacerbate conflict.

The adaptive, transparent, and open leadership model demonstrated by the Universitas Bakti Indonesia, Banyuwangi leadership plays a vital role in reducing internal conflict and improving institutional performance. This leadership provides flexibility in dealing with conflict and allows the active participation of all parties in decision-making. This approach positively affects trust and collaboration among members of the organization.

From the interview results, Ahmad Suryani stated, "we believe that transparent and open leadership is critical in managing conflict. We can reduce uncertainty and tension between staff and students by sharing information clearly and honestly. In addition, a statement from one of the staff revealed that they feel more heard and appreciated with transparency in decision-making. This increases their trust in their leaders, ultimately improving their performance. Several respondents noted that open and collaborative discussions create a more comfortable and productive work environment.

The interview with this informant revealed that transparent and open leadership is critical in managing conflict. He emphasized that by providing accurate and consistent information, leadership can reduce uncertainty among staff and students, which is often the cause of conflict. Regular meetings involving all parties allow for open dialogue, where community members can express their opinions and concerns. This approach improves communication and helps build trust and collaboration among academic community members. By facilitating the open exchange of information, universities can identify potential sources of conflict early on and address issues more proactively. This creates an environment where problems can be resolved collectively and peacefully, avoiding the tension that often arises from a lack of information.

Observations made during institutional meetings showed improvements in conflict resolution mechanisms. Leaders at this university use a participatory approach to addressing problems, inviting all parties to discuss solutions together. These observations also show that an organizational culture based on openness and effective communication can create a more cooperative work environment. Decisions are made after listening to all voices, providing a greater sense of ownership for all parties involved.

Furthermore, documentation of the university's internal policies and reports shows increased productivity and performance after implementing the adaptive leadership model. Annual reports noted a decrease in the number of documented internal conflicts, as well as an increase in staff performance. Documentation also shows that new initiatives, such as forming cross-departmental teams and regular discussion forums, emerged from implementing transparent leadership.

Overall, this study confirms that conflict management strategies through the adaptive leadership model, which emphasizes openness and participation, effectively improve institutional performance at Universitas Bakti Indonesia. Transparent leadership creates a climate of trust, participation, and effective communication, all of which contribute to increasing the efficiency and productivity of the university. With the indicators found above, it can be understood that the frequency and clarity of communication refer to how often and how little information is conveyed to academic community members. Effective communication requires conveying information regularly and in a form that is easy to understand to avoid misunderstandings (Aririguzoh, 2022; Beaudart et al., 2022; Guo et al. 2023). In transparent and open leadership, high frequency and clarity of information help minimize uncertainty that can lead to tension and conflict (Ma'ruuffah et al., 2024). With clear and consistent information, all parties can understand policies, decisions, and changes that occur, supporting faster and more efficient conflict resolution. Stakeholder involvement in decision-making refers to involving various stakeholders in decisions that affect them. Theoretically, this involvement increases the legitimacy and acceptability of decisions because all parties feel they have a voice in the process (Widiasari & Zahro, 2024). In transparent leadership, involving community members in decision-making helps reduce dissatisfaction and conflict because the decisions are considered more fair and representative. This involvement also strengthens community members' sense of ownership and responsibility, encouraging cooperation and reducing the potential for conflict (Leary et al., 2020). A sense of ownership and satisfaction refers to the extent to which community members feel ownership of their decisions and are satisfied with the process and results.

Thus, when members feel involved and decisions are considered fair, they tend to feel more connected to and responsible for the institution. This sense of ownership reduces the possibility of conflict because members feel valued and have a role in decision-making (Febrianti, 2019). Satisfaction with the process and results also contribute to a more positive and harmonious atmosphere in the academic environment, facilitating more effective conflict management. Speed of conflict resolution refers to how quickly and effectively institutions can resolve emerging conflicts (Qushwa, 2024). Theoretically, transparent and open leadership, with clear communication and involvement of interested parties, contributes to faster conflict resolution. When information is available, and the decision-making process involves all parties, problems can be identified and addressed more quickly, reducing conflict's negative impacts and tensions (Hasanah et al., 2024; Wahyudi et al., 2024). High speed of conflict resolution increases the efficiency of conflict management and helps maintain stability and harmony in higher education institutions. These indicators provide a theoretical and practical basis for understanding how transparent and open leadership influences conflict management in higher education institutions and the frequency and clarity of communication and involvement of related parties.

Develop a Clear Conflict Policy

Developing clear conflict policies is essential to conflict management strategies in higher education institutions. This policy outlines the guidelines, procedures, and mechanisms to handle and resolve conflicts effectively and fairly. By having well-defined policies, Universitas Bakti Indonesia, Banyuwangi can

ensure that all academic community members understand their rights and obligations and the steps to take when faced with conflict situations

In interviews conducted with several leaders in the rectorate and faculty, it was found that a clear policy is needed in dealing with conflicts. Unclearness in conflict handling procedures often worsens the situation and slows down problem solving. With adaptive leadership, the university developed a more structured conflict policy, involving detailed guidelines on the stages of conflict resolution. Totok Sumarhadi said that this policy provides a clear framework for all parties in identifying, reporting, and resolving conflicts. This new policy not only provides solutions but also minimizes the potential for future conflicts by establishing transparent communication and escalation mechanisms (Ad_3.INT).

It emphasizes that clarity in institutional policies can reduce conflict caused by confusion and ambiguity, revealing that clear conflict policies include formal procedures such as mediation and arbitration. The socialization and training reduced prolonged conflict and increased community member satisfaction. These policies reduce confusion and give members a sense of certainty about the steps to take in conflict situations, indicating that well-structured policies can facilitate more effective problem resolution.

Observations conducted at several institutional and staff meetings confirmed that a clear conflict policy has increased efficiency in conflict resolution. During observations, it was observed that when there were differences of opinion or potential conflicts, staff and leaders referred to existing policies to resolve issues quickly and fairly. In addition, having a detailed policy ensures that all parties understand the steps to take in dealing with conflict situations, reducing uncertainty and speeding up the resolution process.

The documentation analyzed, including meeting minutes, annual reports, and written policies, showed improved institutional performance after the implementation of a clear conflict policy. The policy includes guidance on how to report conflicts, stages of mediation, and a resolution mechanism involving a third party if necessary. Based on the documentation, it was observed that the university experienced a decrease in the number of unresolved conflict reports, as well as increased productivity and efficiency across departments. The annual report also noted that the implementation of this policy has reduced tensions among staff and promoted a more conducive and collaborative work environment.

Developing a clear conflict policy is one of the key elements in the conflict management strategy through adaptive leadership at Universitas Bakti Indonesia. This policy not only helps in resolving conflicts efficiently but also prevents potential larger conflicts, thereby improving overall institutional performance.

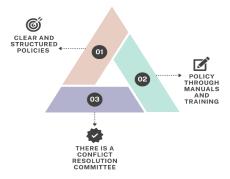


Figure 1. Conflict Policy

The picture above shows several leading indicators of effective conflict policies in an institution. A clear and well-structured policy can reduce confusion and ambiguity, which often causes prolonged conflict (Amyrullah, 2024). Moreover, with formal procedures such as mediation and arbitration listed in the policy, community members have clear guidance on the steps to take when facing conflict. This creates a sense of certainty and reduces uncertainty that could worsen the situation. Policy dissemination through manuals and training reduces conflict and increases community member satisfaction. This training helps members understand and implement policies better, making the conflict resolution process more efficient. This explanation emphasizes that policies that cover various types of problems with specific procedures for each type increase problem-solving efficiency and reduce ambiguity. Then, a conflict resolution committee involving various parties shows an inclusive approach to resolving problems (Kusnadi & Wulandari, 2024). Feedback mechanisms evaluate the conflict resolution process, ensuring the decisions are objective and fair. This approach emphasizes the importance of involving various parties in the resolution process and ongoing evaluation to maintain fairness and objectivity. Thus, indicators from this interview interpretation underscore the importance of wellstructured conflict policies, effective outreach, and ongoing evaluation to increase efficiency and fairness in conflict resolution.

Encourage a Collaborative Culture

Encouraging a collaborative culture in leadership and conflict management is essential for creating a productive and harmonious work environment. A collaborative culture involves cooperation, open communication, and mutual trust between team members, which can influence how conflict is managed and resolved. Conflict management is essential in a collaborative culture. Well-managed conflict can be an opportunity for growth and improved team performance. Implementing a collaborative culture and practical conflict management requires commitment from all levels of the organization.

Totok Sumarhadi put it forward, stated, "When we work in a team that supports each other and is full of enthusiasm, conflict can be managed better and more effectively because we are all focused on the same goal and have the same understanding. This gives us the confidence to solve problems together, and support each other in facing existing challenges" (Ad_2.INT)."

This interview revealed that working in a mutually supportive and solid team can help manage conflict better. This is because each team member clearly understands their roles and responsibilities and is focused on the same goal. When team members have the same goals and a shared commitment, they are more likely to work collaboratively and put aside personal differences to achieve a larger goal. In this supportive work environment, individuals feel valued and empowered, which can increase their motivation and productivity. This experience shows the importance of having shared goals and clear commitment within a team to reduce the potential for conflict and improve overall performance.

Then, an administrative staff member added, "The collaborative culture implemented in our workplace facilitates better communication between us so that problems can be identified and resolved early before they become major conflicts

that are difficult to overcome. We feel that this collaboration strengthens team members' relationships and increases our ability to find effective and innovative solutions" (Ad_4.INT).

The results of this interview highlight how a collaborative culture can facilitate better and more open communication between team members. In a transparent and open work environment, problems can be identified and resolved before they escalate into major conflicts that can hinder team performance. Transparency and openness allow team members to express their ideas and concerns without fear of rejection. In this way, the team can work more effectively and efficiently and better overcome challenges. This collaborative culture creates a strong foundation for harmonious teamwork, where every member feels heard and valued.

Apart from that, a student stated, "I feel more listened to and more motivated when working in a team that supports, respects opinions, and is committed to achieving the best results" (Ad_6.INT). The student's statement shows how a supportive work environment can increase motivation and appreciation for each team member. In a team that supports each other, attention and respect for each other's opinions are prioritized, creating a positive and conducive work atmosphere. This environment allows creativity and innovation to flourish because every team member feels safe contributing and trying new things. Strong team support can be a motivating factor for members to work better and reach their full potential. This experience shows that attention and respect within a team can be an essential factor in increasing motivation and job satisfaction.

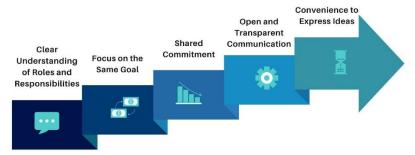


Figure 2. Create A Work Environment

From the findings above, critical elements essential to building an influential collaborative culture can be theoretically understood. A clear understanding of roles and responsibilities and focusing on the same goals is the foundation for building shared commitment among team members. Individuals with an aligned vision and mission are likelier to put aside personal differences and work together for a greater goal (Ramadhani & Deka, 2023). This can reduce the potential for conflict and increase team effectiveness. Open and transparent communication is also an essential element in a collaborative culture. When team members feel comfortable raising their ideas and concerns without fear, problems can be identified early and resolved before they become significant conflicts. Transparency in communication also allows for a more creative and innovative exchange of ideas, which can improve the overall quality of team performance. Strong team support, where members look out for and respect each other's

opinions, can increase motivation and feelings of being valued. A positive and conducive work environment allows creativity and innovation to flourish, and team members feel safe to try new things without fear. This support incentivizes team members to reach their full potential and contribute optimally (Muktamar & Pinto, 2023). A collaborative culture ensures the implementation of communication, building trust between team members, and creating a supportive and respectful work environment. Team leaders can play a crucial role in encouraging collaboration by establishing a clear vision, facilitating open dialogue, and providing support and appreciation to team members. In this way, the team can achieve optimal performance and face challenges better.

Utilize a Proactive Approach

A proactive approach to leadership and conflict management is an essential strategy that allows organizations to anticipate and overcome challenges before they develop into serious problems. In a leadership context, a proactive approach involves taking planned and structured actions to mitigate risks and take advantage of existing opportunities. Proactive leaders tend to have a vision for the future, understand team dynamics, and strive to minimize potential conflict through effective communication and involvement of team members.

In line with the words a lecturer, stated that "With a proactive approach that has been implemented consistently throughout our organization, we can identify potential conflicts early and take appropriate and effective preventative action before the problem escalates and has a negative impact on operations. This allows us to maintain stability and efficiency in our work environment (Ad_1.INT)."

The results of these interviews emphasize the benefits of a proactive approach in identifying and dealing with potential conflicts. Organizations can quickly anticipate and address problems before they escalate and disrupt organizational performance by having a consistent monitoring system. This shows that with proper ImplementationImplementationImplementation of proactive strategies, companies can address problems early and maintain a stable and productive work environment. These organizations likely have tools or processes identifying potential conflicts early, such as performance monitoring systems or effective team communication. Thus, this shows the importance of open and continuous communication between team members and leadership, which is one of the pillars of a proactive approach.

Then, an administrative staff member, added, "A planned and structured proactive approach helps us plan appropriate and measurable steps to overcome problems before they become serious and negatively impact the entire organization. With this solid strategy, we can anticipate possible obstacles and find innovative solutions before problems occur" (Ad_8.INT)

The interview results above indicate that a proactive approach is essential for strategic planning and problem-solving. By having planned and structured steps, organizations can anticipate and mitigate problems before they escalate into crises. This approach involves identifying the problem and implementing innovative and effective solutions. This suggests that the organization invests in strategic planning and has a team capable of thinking through potential scenarios

and creative solutions to meet possible challenges. These interviews also show that a proactive approach helps better decision-making, as all possibilities are considered beforehand.

a student said, "I feel much more confident in facing various problems when I know that there is a clear, systematic plan and concrete actions that the take the team will take to overcome these challenges. This gives me a sense of safety and assurance that problems can be handled efficiently and effectively. (Ad_9.INT)"

The results of interviews with this informant highlight the feeling of confidence that results from a proactive approach. A clear plan and concrete actions make individuals feel more secure and confident in facing problems. This reflects how a proactive approach can increase employee confidence and motivation because they know the company is ready to handle any issues. Thus, this feeling of security increases productivity and performance, as employees do not feel anxious or stressed by uncertainty. This also shows the importance of transparency in organizations and how a good plan can positively influence team morale and morale.



Figure 3. Anticipate and Overcome Challenges

By interpreting the interview results, several indicators were found from the findings above; several vital indicators could be identified. First, an early detection system is an essential indicator of a proactive approach. This involves using technology or monitoring methods that enable organizations to identify potential problems before they become more prominent (Yusuf & Sodik, 2023). Second, strategic planning and innovative solutions show how organizations use a proactive approach to ensure that they are ready to face challenges that may arise. Third, employees' self-confidence and motivation indicate how a proactive approach affects the work atmosphere and overall team effectiveness. In general and theoretically, a proactive approach involves various strategies and tools to anticipate and deal with problems before they escalate (Lahagu et al., 2024). This could include developing early detection systems, investing in strategic planning, and promoting open communication within the organization. Implementing this approach involves applying technology for performance monitoring, employee training to improve analytical and problem-solving skills, and building an organizational culture that encourages innovation and active participation from all team members (Hidayat et al., 2024). The benefits of utilizing a proactive approach include increased operational efficiency, reduced risk, increased

employee satisfaction and motivation, and increased organizational competitiveness. By being proactive, organizations can not only address problems more effectively. However, they can also create a more dynamic and adaptive work environment to support long-term growth and success.

CONCLUSION

This research provides several significant findings regarding leadership strategies and conflict management in higher education institutions. One of the main lessons from this research is the importance of transparency and openness in leadership to increase involvement and trust among organizational members. Additionally, developing clear conflict policies and creating a collaborative culture has proven effective in reducing the frequency and impact of conflict. By utilizing a proactive approach, institutions can be better prepared to deal with potential conflicts before they escalate into serious problems. Another lesson to be learned is that local context and organizational culture play an essential role in determining the effectiveness of leadership strategies. This research highlights that a deep understanding of local dynamics is critical to developing relevant and practical conflict management strategies.

In terms of scientific contribution, this research updates perspectives on conflict management in higher education institutions by emphasizing the importance of adaptive approaches tailored to the local context. Additionally, this research expands the literature by offering new insights into how specific leadership strategies can be applied to manage conflict in Indonesia's higher education context. This research's qualitative and case study approaches allow for in-depth analysis and rich data regarding effective leadership strategies. However, this research has limitations, primarily related to case coverage, which is limited to two institutions in Indonesia. Other limitations include variations in the gender and age of respondents, which may have influenced the study findings. Therefore, further research is needed to accommodate variables such as gender and age and a broader range of survey methods to obtain a more comprehensive picture. It is hoped that this further research can become the basis for developing conflict management policies that are more effective and relevant to the needs of higher education institutions in various contexts.

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